Some of the scholarly issues about the David story

1. Who wrote it? When? Why? Some options:

- a. Apologists for the Solomonic regime, at roughly the time of the events
- b. 8th century justification for later kings of Judah in Jerusalem
- c. 7th century justification for Hezekiah or Josiah's reigns
- d. 6th century explanation of the end of Jerusalem
- e. 5th century, Persian era justification for rebuilding Jerusalem
- f. 3rd century, Hellenistic era justification for maintaining national identity around Jerusalem
- g. One of endless possible combinations of the above
- 2. Is it promonarchy, antimonarchy or some combination?
- 3. How much of the narrative reflects real events?
- 4. How can archaeology assist in these questions?
 - a. Challenge of being unable to excavate under Jerusalem
 - b. Ambiguity of available evidence

5. What is the relationship between the story in 1-2 Samuel and the one in 1-2 Chronicles?

- a. Scholarly consensus that Chronicles is later than Samuel
- b. Ongoing debate on the relationship between the two texts

6. What is the relationship between 1-2 Samuel and other, <u>earlier</u> texts of the Hebrew Bible?

- a. Many connections with Genesis; question of which was written first (i.e, which is echoing the other)
- b. Ongoing debate on relationship with the rest of the "Deuteronomistic History" (Deuteronomy-2 Kings)
- c. Ongoing debate on relationship with Exodus (early Moses tradition)

7. What is the relationship between 1-2 Samuel and other, <u>later</u> texts?

- a. "messianic" expectations in Roman era (i.e., time of Jesus) associated with David from 2 Samuel 7
- b. Debate on relationship with Qumran (Dead Sea Scrolls) texts and community "'The New World': Terrence Malick's Magic Portrayal of America's Original Sin"