## Luke's use of aner ("a male person") and anthropos ("a human person") in 8.26-39

with assistance from Piotr Blajer, "The Usage of  $\dot{a}v\eta'\rho$  [aner] and  $\dot{a}'v\theta\rho\omega\rho\sigma$  [anthropos] in the Healing of the Gerasene Demoniac (Luke 8:26–39)," Collectanea Theologica, 92.2 (2022) 35-64

## A verbal chiasm:

8.27		As he stepped out on land, a man [aner] of the city who had demons met him.
	8.29	Jesus had commanded the unclean spirit to come out of the man [anthropos].
	8.33	Then the demons came out of the man [anthropos]
	8.35	they found the man [anthropos] from whom the demons had gone
8.38		The man [aner] from whom the demons had gone