Parallel Structure of the Stories of Bathsheba, Tamar, and the Woman of Tekoa

Table 6.1 from April D. Westbrook, 'And He Will Take Your Daughters...' Woman Story and The Ethnical Evaluation of Monarchy in the David Narrative (Bloomsbury T&T Clark, 2015)

Bathsheba (2 Samuel 11–12)	Tamar/woman of Tekoa (2 Samuel 13–14)
Prelude: Israel fights Ammon/Syria (Joab starts/David finishes) (10:1–19)	Prelude: Israel fights Ammon (Joab starts/David finishes) (12:26–31)
Sexual Violation: David commits adultery with Bathsheba (11:1–4)	Sexual Violation: Amnon rapes Tamar (13:1–18)
Public revelation of violation is imminent (11:5)	Public revelation of violation is imminent (13:19–22)
Response: David plots/commits murder via his servants (11:6–27)	Response: Absalom plots/commits murder via his servants (13:23–39)
Response: Nathan is sent to David by YHWH (12:1a)	Response: woman of Tekoa is sent to David by Joab (14:1–3)
Nathan tells David a parable—a parody of David (12:1b–4)	Woman of Tekoa tells David a personal story—a parody of David (14:4–7)
Response: David will bring justice (12:5–6)	Response: David will bring justice (14:8–11)
Nathan accuses David and prophesies judgment (12:7–12)	Woman of Tekoa accuses David and appeals to his ego (14:12–17)
David acknowledges his sin (12:13a)	David identifies Joab's deception but agrees (14:18–21)
Nathan prophesies death of David's son and leaves (12:13b–15a)	Joab acknowledges king's favor and leaves to return David's son (14:22–23)
Destiny of David's infant son determined by YHWH / David acknowledges inability to cause his son's return (12:15b–23)	Destiny of David's son Absalom determined by David/ David commands his son's return (14:24–33a)
Solomon is born and YHWH loves him (12:24–25)	Absalom is returned to the king's presence and the king kisses him (14:33b–d)